

| | |
|--|--|
| Response | If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|----------------------|------------|-------|
| Xylene (mix) | 1330-20-7 | 40-80 |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 0-30 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5-20 |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | 107-98-2 | 0-20 |
| Carbon black | 1333-86-4 | 0-10 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | < 1 |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | < 0.1 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | < 0.1 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | < 0.1 |

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|---|---|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Abdominal pain. Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Narcosis. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Jaundice. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

| | |
|--|--|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Flammable liquid and vapor. |

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Storage temperature: between 2 and 49°C. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|------------------------------|------|-----------|------|
| Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4) | PEL | 3.5 mg/m3 | |
| Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) | PEL | 245 mg/m3 | |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | PEL | 50 ppm | |
| | | 435 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|----------------------|-------------|
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | PEL | 435 mg/m3 100 ppm | |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-------------------------------------|------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2) | STEL | 100 ppm | |
| Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4) | TWA | 50 ppm | Inhalable fraction. |
| | TWA | 3.5 mg/m3 | |
| Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------|
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2) | STEL | 540 mg/m3 |
| | | 150 ppm |
| | TWA | 360 mg/m3 100 ppm |
| Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4) | TWA | 3.5 mg/m3 |
| | TWA | 245 mg/m3 50 ppm |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | STEL | 545 mg/m3 |
| | | 125 ppm |
| | TWA | 435 mg/m3 100 ppm |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 655 mg/m3 |
| | | 150 ppm |
| | TWA | 435 mg/m3 100 ppm |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|------------------------------|----------|---|---------------------|---------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | 0.15 g/g | Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid | Creatinine in urine | * |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | 1.5 g/g | Methylhippuric acids | Creatinine in urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Color

According to product specification.

Odor

Characteristic.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

248 °F (120 °C)

Flash point

75.2 °F (24.0 °C)

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

1 % v/v

Flammability limit - upper (%)

7.8 % v/v

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

9.5 hPa at 20°C.

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Fully miscible. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. |
| Skin contact | Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Abdominal pain. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Narcosis. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Jaundice. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema.

Information on toxicological effects

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Acute toxicity | Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
|-----------------------|---|

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Mouse | 6000 - 7000 ppm, 6 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 3739 mg/kg |
| Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 3160 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 2910 mg/kg |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 15400 mg/kg |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 17.4 mg/m ³ , 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 35000 - 47000 mg/kg |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 6350 ppm, 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 3523 mg/kg |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. Inhalation of carbon black or titanium dioxide dust may cause cancer, however due to the physical form of the product, inhalation of dust is not likely.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|----------------------|---------|---|
| Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) |
| | | 2.7 mg/l, 96 hours |

| Components | Species | | Test Results |
|-----------------------------|---------|---|------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia | 1.81 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) | 32 - 88 mg/l, 96 hours |
| | | Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) | 12.1 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| | |
|------------------------------|------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | 3.15 |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | 3.2 |

Mobility in soil The product is miscible with water. May spread in water systems.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1210 |
| UN proper shipping name | Printing ink, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 3 |
| Packing group | III |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | B1, IB3, T2, TP1 |
| Packaging exceptions | 150 |
| Packaging non bulk | 173 |
| Packaging bulk | 242 |

IATA

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1210 |
| UN proper shipping name | Printing ink flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 3 |
| Packing group | III |
| Environmental hazards | No |
| ERG Code | 3L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |

IMDG

| | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| UN number | UN1210 |
| UN proper shipping name | PRINTING INK FLAMMABLE |

Transport hazard class(es)**Class** 3**Subsidiary risk** -**Label(s)** 3**Packing group** III**Environmental hazards****Marine pollutant** No**EmS** F-E, S-D**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.**15. Regulatory information****US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2) | LISTED |
| Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) | LISTED |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) | LISTED |
| Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7) | LISTED |

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Hazard categories | Immediate Hazard - Yes |
| | Delayed Hazard - Yes |
| | Fire Hazard - Yes |
| | Pressure Hazard - No |
| | Reactivity Hazard - No |

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|---------------|------------|----------|
| Xylene (mix) | 1330-20-7 | 40-80 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5-20 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | < 1 |

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**US state regulations****US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Xylene (mix) (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 21-May-2015
Revision date -
Version # 01
HMIS® ratings Health: 2*
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

Diagraph MSP cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.