According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

# Shell Rotella T1 40

	Revision Date: 6/03/2019		9S Number: 0010035376	Print Date: 06/04/2019 Date of last issue: -
SECTION 1. I	DENTIFICATION			
Product name		:	Shell Rotella T1 4	0
Product c	Product code		001H5092	
Manufac	turer or supplier's o	deta	ils	
Manufact	urer/Supplier	:	Shell Oil Product PO Box 4427 Houston TX 7721 USA	
SDS Req Custome		:	(+1) 877-276-728	5
	cy telephone num			
Spill Infor Health Inf			877-504-9351 877-242-7400	
	ended use of the c ended use		<b>lical and restrictio</b> Engine oil.	ons on use

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	: No signal word	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criter</li> </ul>	a.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Prevention:</li> <li>No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Response:</li> <li>No precautionary phrases.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements	No precautionary phrases. Response:	
Precautionary statements	No precautionary phrases. <b>Response:</b> No precautionary phrases. <b>Storage:</b>	

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### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

Highly refined mineral oils and additives. : The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O- bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	Phosphorodi- thioic acid, mixed O,O- bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	85940-28-9	1 - 2.49

### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.

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medic	ation of any immediate cal attention and special nent needed	: Treat sy	rmptomatio	cally.	

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

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			see Chapter 8 of For guidance on this Safety Data \$	this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet.
SECTIO	N 7. HANDLING AND ST	ror.	AGE	
Tec	hnical measures	:	vapours, mists or Use the informati sessment of loca	t ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of aerosols. on in this data sheet as input to a risk as- circumstances to help determine appropri- afe handling, storage and disposal of this
Adv	ice on safe handling	:	Avoid inhaling va When handling p worn and proper	or repeated contact with skin. pour and/or mists. roduct in drums, safety footwear should be handling equipment should be used. of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- revent fires.
Avo	idance of contact	:	Strong oxidising a	agents.
Pro	duct Transfer	:		and bonding procedures should be used nsfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
	ther information on stor- stability	:	place.	ghtly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
			Store at ambient	temperature.
Pac	kaging material	:	Suitable materials steel or high dens Unsuitable mater	
Cor	tainer Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able fraction)	-	

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### Monitoring Methods

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Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	<ul> <li>General Information:</li> <li>Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.</li> <li>Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.</li> <li>Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.</li> <li>Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.</li> <li>Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.</li> <li>Practice good housekeeping.</li> </ul>

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-
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ersion .0	Revision Date: 06/03/2019	SDS Numbe 8000100353	
		select re cific con Check w Where a priate co Select a	a level which is adequate to protect worker health, spiratory protection equipment suitable for the spe- ditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. ir-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro- ombination of mask and filter. filter suitable for the combination of organic gases bours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand	protection		
Re	emarks	gloves a US: F73 suitable gloves S usage, e sistance glove su Persona Gloves r gloves, l cation of For cont through 480 min short-ter recogniz may not time ma and repl a good p depende	and contact with the product may occur the use of pproved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, 9) made from the following materials may provide chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical re- of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from ppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. I hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. nust only be worn on clean hands. After using hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. inuous contact we recommend gloves with break- time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > utes where suitable gloves can be identified. For m/splash protection we recommend the same but e that suitable gloves offering this level of protection be available and in this case a lower breakthrough ybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance acement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is ent on the exact composition of the glove material. ickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm ng on the glove make and model.
Eye p	rotection		al is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, e eyewear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	work clo	tection is not ordinarily required beyond standard thes. d practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Protec	ctive measures		l protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therm	nal hazards	: Not app	icable
Envir	onmental exposure o	ontrols	
Gene	ral advice		propriate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele-

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				discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances I for the discharge of exhaust air containing
SEC		. PHYSICAL AND CH	EMIC	CAL PROPERTIES	8
	Appea	rance	:	Liquid at room te	mperature.
	Colour		:	amber	
	Odour		:	Slight hydrocarbo	on
	Odour	Threshold	:	Data not availabl	e
	рН		:	Not applicable	
	pour po	oint	:	-21 °C / -6 °F Method: ASTM D	997
	Initial b range	poiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(	
	Flash p	point	:	>= 225 °C / >= 43	37 °F
				Method: ASTM D	092 (COC)
	Evapo	ration rate	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flamm	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
		explosion limit / upper ability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
		explosion limit / Lower ability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapou	r pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)
				estimated value(	s)
	Relativ	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(	s)
	Relativ	e density	:	0.890 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)
	Density	y	:	890 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ASTM D	
	Solubil Wa	ity(ies) ter solubility	:	negligible	
	Sol	ubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e

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	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availab	e
	Viscosi Visc	ity cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availab	е
	Viscosity, kinematic		:	13 mm2/s (100 °	C / 212 °F)
				Method: ASTM [	0445
				150 mm2/s (40.0	°C / 104.0 °F)
				Method: ASTM [	0445
	Explos	ive properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Condu	ctivity	:	This material is r	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole rather than for individual component(s)
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

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Produ	ict:			
Acute	oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5, Remarks: Low Based on availa	
Acute	inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Base are not met.	ed on available data, the classification criteria
Acute	dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): Remarks: Low Based on availa	

### Skin corrosion/irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

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OSHA		No component of th	nis product present at levels greater than or				
03114	,	•	OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.				
NTP		No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.					
Repro	ductive toxicity						
Produc	<u>ct:</u>						
		: Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
STOT	- single exposure						
	<b>Product:</b> Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.						
STOT	STOT - repeated exposure						
	Product:						

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Aspiration toxicity

### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

### **Further information**

### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically
	for this product.
	Information given is based on a knowledge of the components
	and the ecotoxicology of similar products.
	Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

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			ponent(s).(LL/EL/	as a whole, rather than for individual com- L50 expressed as the nominal amount of o prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecoto	oxicity			
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Toxici ty)	ty to fish (Acute toxici-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to Based on availabl	
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Acute y)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to Based on availabl	
Toxici icity)	ty to algae (Acute tox-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to Based on availabl	
Toxici icity)	ty to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Chron- city)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	ty to microorganisms toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
Persis	stence and degradabili	ity		
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Biode	gradability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains nay persist in the environment.
Bioac	cumulative potential			
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Bioaco	cumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	s components with the potential to bioac-
Mobil	ity in soil			
<u>Produ</u>	<u>ict:</u>			
Mobili	ty	:		Inder most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be

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			Remarks: Float	s on water.					
	Other	adverse effects							
	Product:								
	Additional ecological infor- : mation		ozone creation Product is a mix be released to a	<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.</li> <li>Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use.</li> </ul>					
			Poorly soluble r Causes physica	nixture. al fouling of aquatic organisms.					
				not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- trations less than 1 mg/l.					
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Disposal methods									
	Waste from residues :		toxicity and phy determine the p ods in complian	vcle if possible. sibility of the waste generator to determine the sical properties of the material generated to proper waste classification and disposal meth- ice with applicable regulations. into the environment, in drains or in water					
			ground water, o	should not be allowed to contaminate soil or or be disposed of into the environment. used product is dangerous waste.					
	Contar	ninated packaging	to a recognized the collector or Disposal should	ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. If be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.					
	<b>Local</b> Remar	<b>legislation</b> ks		be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.					

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **National Regulations**

### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### International Regulations

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### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IMDG-Code** Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

\*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards		
SARA 313	:	The following components tablished by SARA Title III		rting levels es-
		Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2- ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	85940-28-9	>= 1 - < 5 %

#### **Clean Water Act**

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

#### **US State Regulations**

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-	85940-28-9
Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0

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### California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 64742-54-7 Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts 65940-28-9

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
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EINECS	: Not established.
TSCA	: All components listed.
DSL	: All components listed.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Further information**

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

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DNEL = Derived No Effect LevelDSL = Canada Domestic SubstanceEC = European CommissionEC50 = Effective Concentration fiftyECETOC = European Chemicals AgenceEINECS = The European Inventory ofChemical SubstancesEL50 = Effective Loading fiftyENCS = Japanese Existing and NewInventoryEWC = European Waste CodeGHS = Globally Harmonised SystemLabelling of ChemicalsIARC = International Agency for ResIATA = International Agency for ResIC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fiftyIL50 = Inhibitory Concentration fiftyIL50 = Inhibitory Concentration fiftyUDG = International Maritime DangINV = Chinese Chemicals InventoryIP346 = Institute of Petroleum test rdetermination of polycyclic aromaticsKECI = Korea Existing Chemicals InternotLL50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective LLL50 = Lethal Loading fiftyMARPOL = International Exposure -PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative aPICCS = Philippine Inventory of CheSubstancesPNEC = Predicted No Effect ConcenREACH = Regulations Relating to InternationalRID = Regulations Relating to InternationalSKIN_DES = Skin DesignationSTEL = Short term exposure limitTRA = Targeted Risk AssessmentTSCA = US Toxic Substances ContrTWA = Time-Weighted AverageVP/B = very Persistent and very Bio	etoxicology and Toxicolo- by of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances of Classification and earch on Cancer sociation erous Goods method N° 346 for the b DMSO-extractables ventory Loading/Inhibitory loading for the Prevention of Concentration / No Ob- High Production Volume nd Toxic micals and Chemical tration ational Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more
compile the Safety Data		sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell
Sheet	Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE,	
		IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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